



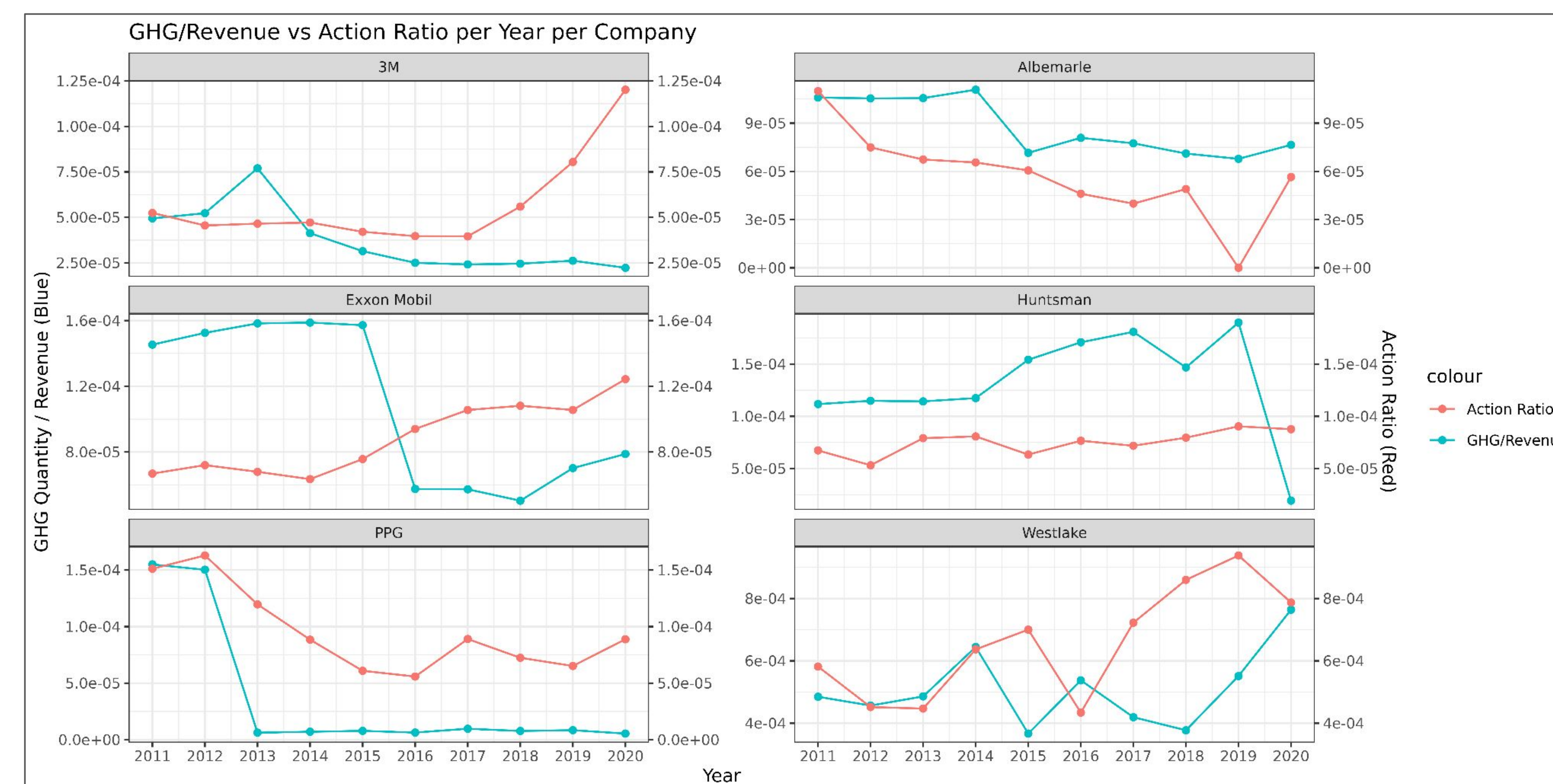
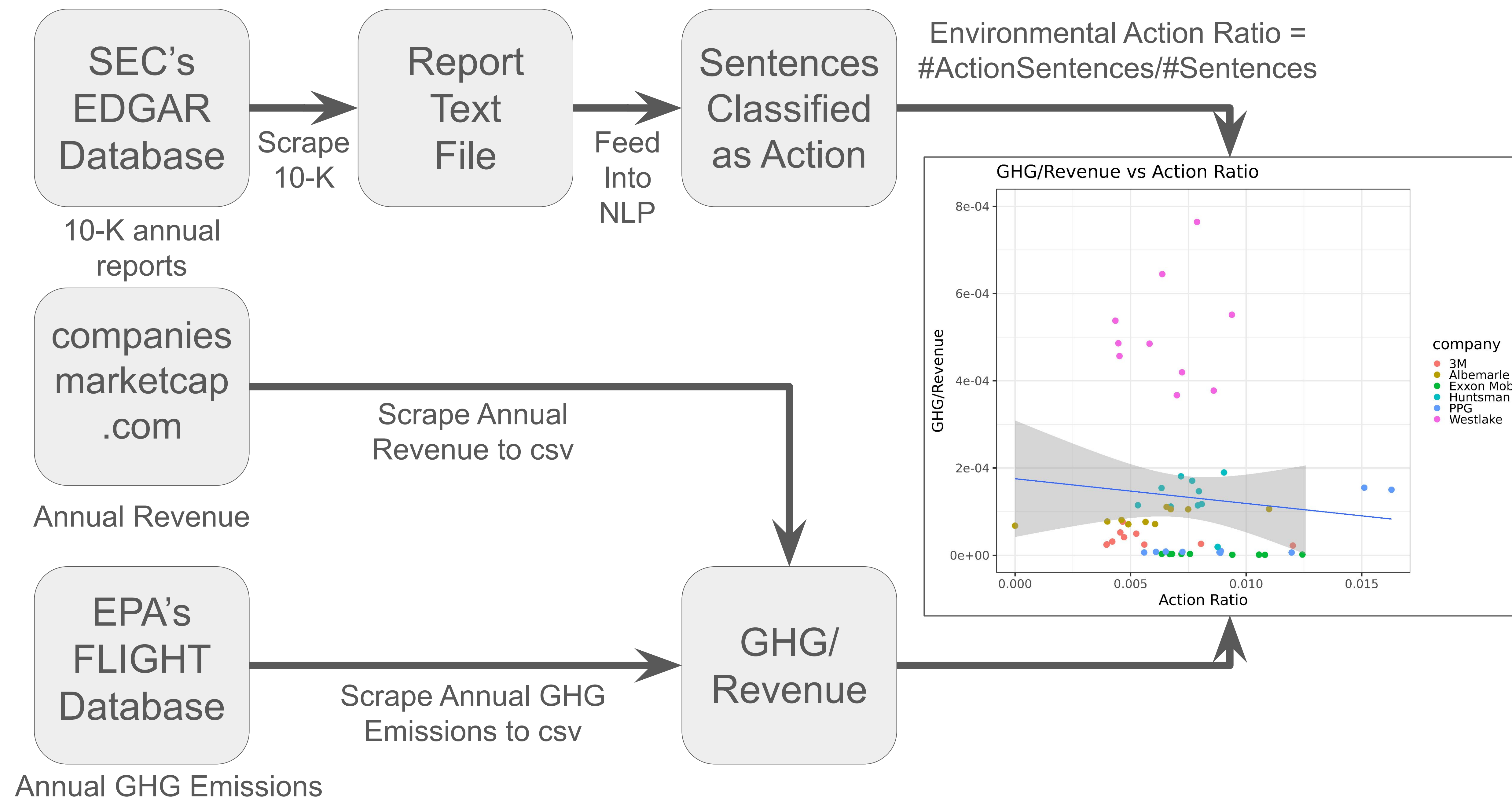
Research Question

Do changes in corporate environmental action statements correlate with their GHG emissions?

Background

- With the growing societal pressure on corporations to reduce their negative impact on the environment, many corporations are making public statements about their stance and impact on the environment.
- It is important to question whether their rhetoric leads to any measurable change.
- This research project compares six chemical companies' environmental actions from their 10-K filings and annual GHG emissions within the United States from 2011 to 2020.
- An existing NLP model, EnvironmentalBERT-action (Schimanski et al. 2024) is used to classify sentences as environmental action from each annual report.

Methodology & Results



This figure shows the environmental action ratio and GHG/revenue for each company from 2011 to 2020. There is a clear negative correlation for Exxon Mobil and Westlake, indicating that their GHG emissions may negatively correlate with environmental action ratio or revenue may be positively correlated with environmental action ratio.

Conclusion

- There is no direct correlation between GHG/revenue and environmental action ratio.
- In a regression with a year trend and company fixed effects, there is a weak positive correlation between GHG/revenue and environmental action ratio.
- There is no conclusive evidence given the data that we have.

Limitations

- Companies can impact the environment in other ways besides GHG Emissions.
- We only analyze 10-K annual reports; however, environmental disclosures are not mandatory in 10-K's, and we do not analyze other texts.

References

Schimanski, T., Reding, A., Reding, N., Binger, J., Kraus, M., & Leippold, M. (2024). Bridging the gap in ESG measurement: Using NLP to quantify environmental, social, and governance communication. *Finance Research Letters*, 61, 104979.