RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS IN THE 2014 FARM BILL

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2014 Farm Bill Workshops

Individual Farm Level Details are available from a crop insurance agent
(list available at: www.rma.usda.gov/tools/agent.htm)

United States Department of Agriculture
Risk Management Agency

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Where to Find This Presentation and the Others?
http://www.arec.umd.edu/extension/crop-insurance/2014-farm-bill
INTRODUCTION

Risk Management Changes in the 2014 Farm Bill

• Crop insurance program remains relatively unchanged in 2014 Farm Bill except for:
  • Conservation compliance for highly erodible lands and wetlands is now required when purchasing crop insurance.
  • Failure to comply means being ineligible for any portion of the crop insurance policy premium that is paid by FCIC (i.e., you will pay for 100% of the premium).
  • Shouldn’t be an issue here since Maryland requires conservation plans that are more stringent than USDA requires.
Risk Management Changes in the 2014 Farm Bill

• Additional Crop Insurance Changes for beginning farmers:
  • Exemption from cat and additional coverage policies fees;
  • Additional 10 percentage points of premium subsidy for additional coverage policies that have premium subsidy;
  • Use of the production history of farming operations that you were previously involved in the decision making or physical activities; and
  • An increase in the substitute Yield Adjustment, which allows you to replace a low yield due to an insured cause of loss, from 60 to 80 percent of the applicable transitional yield (T-Yield).

Risk Management Changes in the 2014 Farm Bill

• Currently no payment limitations in crop insurance program on either payouts on loses or government’s share of premium subsidy.
  • Was apart of debate on bill but excluded from final version.

• ARC and PLC do have payment limitations and AGI limits
  • Payments limited to $125,000 combined for ARC, PLC, and marketing assistance for an individual or a business entity.
  • NAP has separate $125,000 per entity payment limit.
  • Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) has to be under $900,000 to participate in ARC and PLC.
Risk Management Changes in the 2014 Farm Bill

• Non-Insured Crop Disaster Assistance Program (NAP) was changed in Farm Bill:
  • Now allowed to elect coverage at individual crop level at 50 to 65 percent in 5 percent increments at 100 percent of average market price.
  • Premium is 5.25 percent of liability
  • Waiver of service fee expanded from limited resource farmers to also include beginning farmers and socially disadvantaged farmers.

RISK MANAGEMENT DECISIONS
Crop Insurance Protection in Maryland

Farm Safety Net Tools

- FSA will have new tools we have discussed:
  - ARC: ARC makes revenue-based payments on 85 percent of the covered commodity's base acres when actual county revenue or individual revenue is between 86 percent and 76 percent of the benchmark county or individual revenue.
  - PLC: Payment is available when market prices below references prices
- Both of these options are available at no cost to you.
Farm Safety Net Tools

- RMA will continue to offer crop insurance coverage at up to 75% of yield history (up to 85% for certain crops).
- FSA will continue to offer NAP – covers up to 65% of yield history.

How much of your risk is covered by ARC/PLC?

- County ARC:
  - Covered losses are 10% max. on 85% of Base Acres
  - Estimated coverage about 8.5% of producer’s expected revenue, if planted acres equal base acres
  - Payment made after end of market year

Maximum Safety Net Coverage with County ARC assumes base and planted acres are the same

- Maximum ARC 10% coverage (85% of base acres) not protection on additional planted acres
How much of your risk is covered by ARC/PLC?

• County ARC:
  • Covered losses are 10% max. on 85% of Base Acres
  • Estimated coverage about 8.5% of producer’s expected revenue, if planted acres equal base acres
  • Payment made after end of market year

How much of your risk is covered by ARC/PLC?

• Individual ARC:
  • Covered losses 10% max. on 65% of Base Acres
  • Includes Producer’s crops from anywhere in state
  • Estimate coverage about 6.5% of producer’s expected revenue if planted acres equal base acres
  • Payment made after end of market year
How much of your risk is covered by ARC/PLC?

• Individual ARC:
  • Covered losses 10% max. on 65% of Base Acres
  • Includes Producer’s crops from anywhere in state
  • Estimate coverage about 6.5% of producer’s expected revenue if planted acres equal base acres
  • Payment made after end of market year

Take away point – going to need more than just ARC protection

• Not going to be able to replace crop insurance coverage for ARC coverage

• If you take ARC and drop crop insurance coverage leaving over 90% of expected revenue uninsured

• Amount of uninsured revenue will increase if harvest price increases

• Finally, if have no base acres or plant in excess of base acres, then ARC coverage will be reduced because insurance will cover 100% of planted acres not just your base acres
Comparing County and Individual ARC with Crop Insurance vs NAP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% Coverage</th>
<th>Crop Insurance</th>
<th>County ARC triggers at county level</th>
<th>Individual ARC triggers at state level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25%</td>
<td>deductible</td>
<td>40% area loss on 65% of base acres</td>
<td>65% area loss on 60% of base acres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50%</td>
<td>deductible</td>
<td>30% area loss on 60% of base acres</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75%</td>
<td>deductible</td>
<td>20% area loss on 65% of base acres</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100%</td>
<td>deductible</td>
<td>10% area loss on 95% of base acres</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Supplemental Coverage Option (SCO)

- New crop insurance product created in ‘14 Farm Bill
  - A county level revenue or yield based optional endorsement that covers a portion of losses not covered by the same crop’s underlying crop insurance policy.
  - Indemnities will be payable once a 14 percent loss has occurred in the county, and individual payments will depend upon coverage levels selected by producers.
Supplemental Coverage Option (SCO)

- SCO is only available to producers who select PLC
- Not available to those that select ARC (County or Individual)
- Potentially only available in counties with Area Risk Protection Insurance (replaces old Group Risk Plan and Group Risk Income Plan)
  - Very few of those plans previously available in MD
  - May not be available in MD, but will have to wait for regs from RMA

Price Loss Coverage (PLC) and Supplemental Coverage Option (SCO)

With Price Loss Coverage (PLC) producers to have Supplemental Coverage Option (SCO)

- 100% planted acres
- Provides Area Yield or Revenue protection (same as underlying crop ins.)
- Projected prices
- No payment cap
- Loss payment within 60 days of claims submission
- Premiums Subsidized a fixed 65%
Farm Bill Crop Safety Nets
Producer Decision Choices

Farmer

Crop Insurance

PLC

ARC county or individual

SCO

NAP

ARC Individual

ARC County

PLC

Choose One

ARC County or individual
What do you want YOUR Crop Insurance Based Risk Management Plan to do For YOU when disasters occur?

- Protect crop value $ ? A.
- Protect input cost $ ? A.
- Protection to secure operating loan (security) $?
- $$ To replace livestock feed $?
- $$ Buy-out preharvest sales contracts $?
- Strengthen the business plan and avoid an income interruption $?

At what percent of crop damage do you need a loss claim to trigger? _____%

Risk Management Check Up

Will YOUR 2015 Risk Management Plan be Adequate to Manage 2015 Risks?

(Increasing Input Costs, Prices & Weather Volatility)

Individual farm details available from crop ins. agents, list available at:
www3.rma.usda.gov/apps/agents/

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THANKS
ANY QUESTIONS?

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