

# High-Level Requirements for a Bit Preservation System

## University of Maryland Libraries

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## Mission

Provide digital content management services in all phases of content's lifecycle, including selection, creation, acquisition, and disposition.

## Scope and Assumptions

- Unit of information is a file.
- Directories can organize files.
- Semantics of what is included in a file (content, virus, encryption, intellectual content, etc.), the file format, and how files are semantically interrelated are out of scope.
- Services include preservation and access to digital files.
- "Persistent" in the scope of this document means as long as a file or its name exists.
- The System will not take action to recover corrupted files without informing appropriate users.
- The System will define a maximum allowable file size.

## Designated Community

- Internal: producers, collection managers, administrative managers
- External: producers

## Requirements

### 1. Identity

*File properties to ensure that a file can be traced and retrieved uniquely, consistently, and persistently over time.*

- a. The following characteristics will allow for identity management of files
  - i. Pathnames
  - ii. Filenames
  - iii. Ownership
  - iv. Access Control
- b. The System will assign unique and persistent identifiers to all files
- c. The System allows an owner of a file to change its filenames and pathnames

### 2. File Fixity

*File fixity is the property of being constant, steady, and stable. Fixity checking is the process of verifying that a digital object has not been altered or corrupted.*

- a. Check file fixity on ingest if it is provided
- b. Create fixity info if it was not provided at ingest
- c. Check fixity of content at fixed intervals
- d. Maintain logs of fixity info; supply audit on demand
- e. Original filesystem properties for a file, such as relative pathname and last modification date should be faithfully preserved as metadata along with the file
- f. File content should not be modified by compression or headers
- g. Ability to detect corrupt data
- h. Check fixity of all content in response to specific events or activities
- i. Ability to replace/repair corrupted data

### 3. Versioning

*Versioning recognizes that digital files may intentionally change over time.*

- a. The System will provide a versioning service
- b. The System will provide a deleting service
- c. Ability to version and delete is determined by use

### 4. Submission Interfaces

*A submission interface is a tool that allows for deposit or ingest of files into the bit preservation system.*

- a. The submission interface will facilitate submission of a file or set of files into the bit-preservation system and provide an acknowledgment for the submission
- b. The submission interface may be command line, GUI, web interface, or integrated into existing systems (i.e. Fedora/DSpace)

### 5. Access

*Access refers to the process of retrieving or disseminating content from the System.*

- a. The System will allow for direct human user access (dependent upon use)
- b. The System will allow for indirect programmatic access through applications or an interface

### 6. Authentication/Authorization

*Authentication verifies a user's identity and authorization verifies what a user is allowed to do within the System. The combination of the two allow for security within the System.*

- a. The System will accommodate different levels of access
- b. The System will require a registration profile prior to deposit

### 7. Disaster Recovery

*Disaster recovery refers to the process, policies and procedures related to the recovery or continuation of the System in the case of system failure.*

- a. The System will be backed up regularly in such a way as to allow restoration of files

### 8. Reporting/Audit Trail

*An audit trail provides a report of the System's status, as well as history of the actions taken, providing information related to fixity, submission, identity, etc.*

- a. The System will have the ability to generate reports on the status of its contents
- b. The System will generate an audit trail indicating if files are damaged or lost